

**SR500**

**Firmware 5.0 or above**

# **BroadBand IP Gateway + Fast EtherSwitch**

**User's Guide**

## **FCC Certifications**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with emission limits.

You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void your authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

## ***CE Mark Warning***

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

All trademarks and brand names are the property of their respective proprietors.

Specifications are subject to change without prior notification.

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## **Introduction**

The BroadBand IP Gateway + Fast EtherSwitch is an integrated Internet IP sharing device with a built-in 4-port 10/100Mbps N-Way Fast Ethernet switch. It is the perfect solution to connect a small group of PCs to a high-speed broadband Internet connection. Multiple users can have high-speed Internet access simultaneously via one single IP address (Internet account) of the Cable/xDSL modem.

This product also serves as an Internet firewall, protecting your network from being accessed by outside users. All incoming data packets are monitored and filtered. It can also be configured to block internal users from accessing to the Internet.

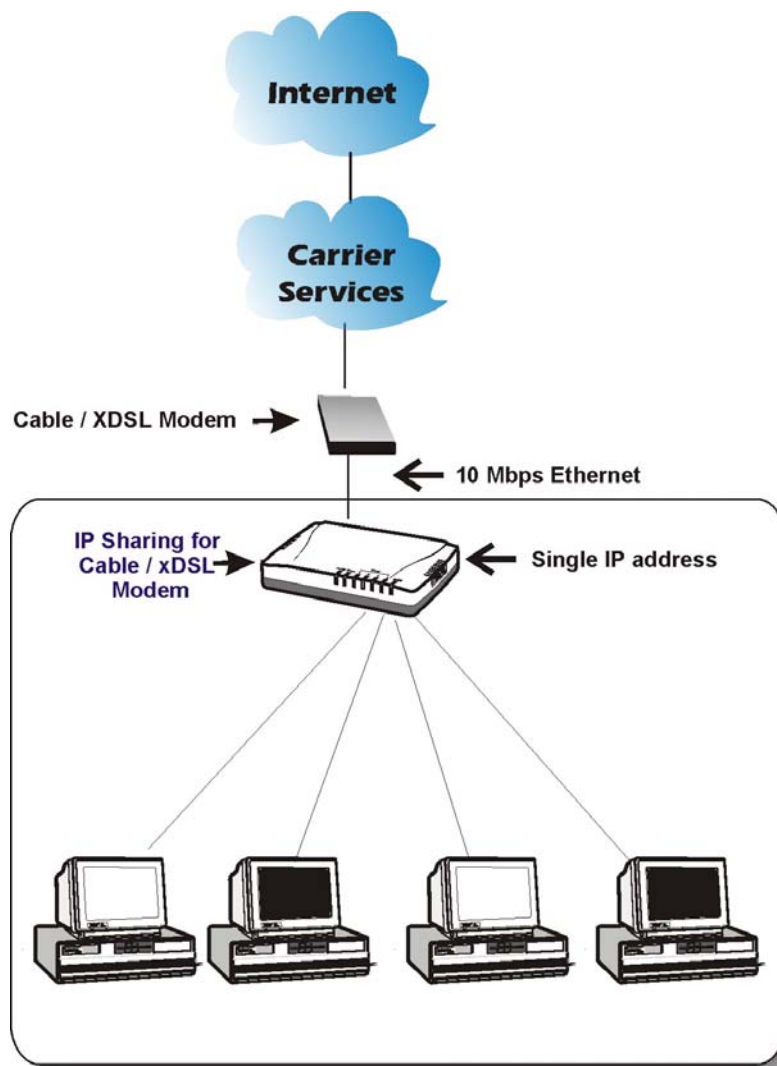
This device comes with an easy-to-setup program which ease you all the effort of setting up and upgrading.

Thanks to both DHCP client and DHCP server, which complete the network configuration automatically. The built-in 4-port Fast Ethernet Switch lets users plug the network cable into the device without buying additional Hub/Switch. With the functions of the IP Share, you can enjoy the true Plug & Play installation.

Auto-start PPPoE connection before it checks email when the PPPoE connection was not previously established.

In addition, the unit is equipped with an Incoming Mail Indicator, which will lit green when there is e-mail waiting to be retrieve at the mail server, indications vary as ready-for-retrieved mail(s) increase.

## Sample Application



**Figure 1: Small Office/ Home Office Setup**

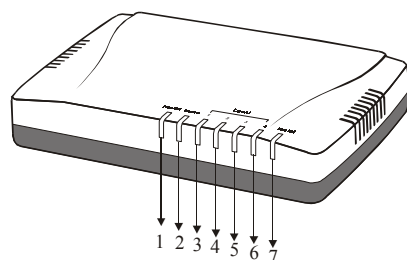
### Features

- For Internet connection.
- Supports VPN (PPTP pass thru).
- Supports PPPoE.
- Supports Internet applications such as Web, ICQ, FTP, Telnet, E-Mail, News, NetMeeting, Net2Phone, PCAnywhere, mIRC, CuSeeMe, AoE...etc.
- Natural firewall keeps hackers out.
- DHCP server allocates up to 253 client IP addresses.
- DHCP client to get global IP address automatically.
- 4 ports 10/100Mbps N-Way Fast Ethernet Switch

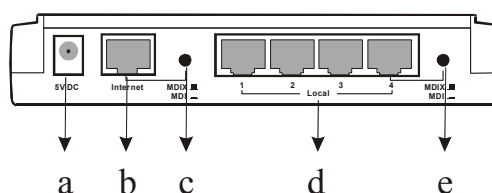
- Virtual server.
- Rich packet filters.
- Static routing supported.
- Support Proxy-DNS.
- Easy setup by Web Browser, Windows GUI program and Telnet through network.
- Flash memory for firmware upgrade.
- Incoming email flashing indication.
- Limit management through GUI or Web.
- DMZ host supported.
- Supports static IP and DNS for PPPoE.
- Multiple PPPoE accounts.
- Auto-reconnect for PPPoE.
- WINS information distribution.
- WAN IP status list.
- Blocks WAN request.
- One-step firmware upload utility.

## Parts Names and Functions

### LED Indicators on the Front Panel



### Ports on the Rear Panel



**Figure 2: LED Indicators and Ports**

	LED Indicator	Color	Status	
			Solid	Flashing
①	<b>Power /Error</b>	Green /Red	Turns solid green when power is applied to this device. Turns solid red when the device is not working properly.	N/A.
②	<b>Internet</b>	Orange (10M)	Connected and linked to a Cable/xDSL Modem. Glows orange with 10Mbps Internet connection; green with	Receiving/ Sending data

		Green (100M)	Internet connection; green with 100Mbps. <sup>1</sup>	
③	Local 1	Green /Orange	Turns green when connecting to a 100Mbps Fast Ethernet connection.	Receiving/ Sending data
④	Local 2			
⑤	Local 3		Turns orange when connecting to a 10Mbps Ethernet connection.	
⑥	Local 4			
⑦	Have Mail	Green	Flashing frequency (F) vs. Email amount (N) F = 1 when N < 5 F = 2 when 5 ≤ N < 10 F = 3 when 10 ≤ N < 20 F = 4 for the rest of conditions.	

**Table 1: LED Indicators**

	Port/button	Functions
<b>a</b>	<b>5V DC</b>	Connects the power adapter plug.
<b>b</b>	<b>Internet</b>	Connects to a Cable/xDSL modem.
<b>c</b>	<b>MDIX\MDI</b>	Press this button to select Internet port wiring scheme (MDIX or MDI).
<b>d</b>	<b>Local (1-4)</b>	Four RJ-45 dual-speed (10/100Mbps) auto-sensing ports for connecting with either 10Mbps or 100Mbps Ethernet connections.
<b>e</b>	<b>MDIX\MDI</b>	Press this button to select Local 4th port wiring scheme (MDIX or MDI).

**Table 2: Connections Ports**

## System Requirements

See the following table of system requirements for setting up and managing this product.

System	Set Up Interface	System Requirements
<b>PC</b>	GUI	1. Windows 95, 98, ME, NT or 2000. 2. Netscape 4.0 or above; or IE 4.01 or above installed
<b>PC, Unix, or Machintoshi</b>	Web (HTTP)	
	Telnet	

<sup>1</sup> The Internet LED indicator will glow only orange if the model you purchased is with 10M WAN port.



## Factory Default Settings

### Password

**Default setting:** left blank.

**Setting up password:** When using Telnet or Web (HTTP) to configure the device, press **Enter** to login the configuration for the first time. It is recommended that you set a password for security and management purpose.

**Password forgotten?** If you forgot the password, you can reset the device to factory setting. Refer to the section titled “**Factory Reset**” for details.

### Local and Global Port Addresses

The LAN parameters of the product are pre-set in the factory. The **default values** are shown below.

Local Port		Global Port
IP address	192.168.1.254	DHCP client function is <i>enabled</i> to automatically get the Global port configuration from ISP.
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
DHCP server function	Enabled	
IP addresses for distribution to PCs	253 IP addresses continuing from 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.253	

**Table 3: Local and Global Port Addresses**

### Information from ISP

Before you start configuring this device, you should gather the information as illustrated in the following tables and keep it for reference.

#### For CATV dynamic mode:

Adapter Address	Some Internet Service Providers (ISP) requires that you register the MAC address of your network card/adaptor, which was connected to your cable or DSL modem during installation. If your ISPs require MAC address registration, find your adaptor's MAC address by doing the following:  Under Windows 98: Click <b>Start→Run</b> , type in “ <b>winipcfg</b> ”.  Under Windows ME or 2000, Click <b>Start→Run</b> , type in “command”, and press Enter. At the DOS prompt, type “ <b>ipwinipcfg/all</b> ”. The “Physical Address” with 12 digits is your adaptor's MAC address.
Device/Computer Name (or Host Name by some ISP.)	Enter a descriptive name for identification purpose. You may have to check with your ISP to see if your BroadBand Internet service has been configured with a host and domain name. In most cases, these fields may be left blank. Some Internet Service Providers (ISP)

	requires this information and if that is the case, they will provide you with the name.
<b>Domain Name</b>	<i>ex. yourcompany.com,</i> Provided by your ISP.

**Table 4 Device information**

**For DSL dynamic mode:**

<b>PPPoE Account Info</b>	Provided by your ISP
<b>Username</b>	Provided by your ISP.
<b>Password</b>	Provided by your ISP.
<b>Service Name</b>	For identification purpose. If it is required, your ISP will provide you the information.
<b>Static IP Address</b>	Provided by your ISP.
<b>Static DNS Server</b>	Provided by your ISP.

**Table 5 PPPoE information**

**For Static Mode:**

	<b>IP address</b>
<b>ISP-assigned IP address</b>	Ex. 203.66.81.201
<b>Subnet mask</b>	Ex. 255.255.255.0
<b>Gateway</b>	Ex. 203.66.81.254
<b>DNS server #1</b>	Ex. 203.66.81.251
<b>DNS server #2</b>	Ex. 203.66.81.252

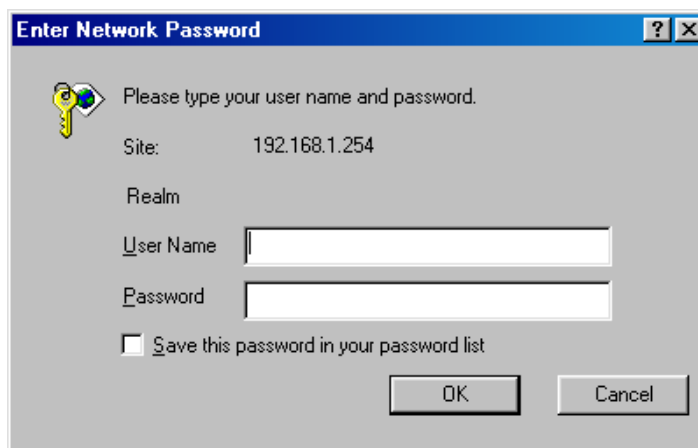
**Table 6: ISP Assigned Addresses**

## Configuration via Web

Assuming the workstation's TCP/IP is set to obtain IP automatically and the IP Sharing Device's Local Port is set to "Distribute IP" (default), and all the cables are connected correctly. Open the browser, enter the local port IP address (default at 192.168.1.254) of the IP Sharing Device, and click "Go" to get the login page.



No user name is required for the first time login. The default password is left blank. If you have set a password, enter that and click **OK** to continue.



At the setup home page, the left navigation pane where bookmarks are provided links you directly to the desired setup page. You can select **Global Port, Local Port, Management, Virtual Server, Packet Filter, Static Router, WAN IP Status, Checking E-Mail, Factory Reset**.

Click on the desired setup item to expand the page in the main navigation pane. The setup pages covered in this utility are described below.

### Global Port

The opening screen contains settings for the Global (Internet connection) interface. Click on the **down arrow ▼** to select the desired Internet connection mode on the list.

**Obtain configuration automatically (CATV dynamic mode):** For users who are using Cable Modem Internet service.

**PPPoE (DSL dynamic mode):** For users who are using xDSL Internet service that runs PPPoE. If your xDSL service uses PPPoE, after installing the IP Sharing device, please do not run PPPoE software on your computers.

**Static configuration:** Select this item when the ISP assigns static IP address for your account.

## CATV dynamic Mode

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Dual Ethernet IP Share for Cable/DSL Modem - Microsoft Internet Explorer". The address bar shows "http://192.168.100.254/". The page is titled "CATV dynamic Mode". On the left is a blue sidebar with the text "Broadband IP Gateway ver 5.00" and links: "Global Port", "Local Port", "Advanced Setup", "Network Status", and "Others". The main content area has a dropdown menu set to "Obtain configuration automatically (CATV dynamic mode)". Below this are three sections: "Device Information" with fields for "Adapter Address" (00 00 CC 99 99 11) and a "Modify" checkbox, "Device/Computer Name" (KKCA2040), and "Domain Name" (Domain); "IP Address" with "IP Config" set to "Dynamic", and fields for "IP Address" (211 21 176 132), "Subnet Mask" (255 255 255 248), and "Gateway" (211 21 176 129); and "DNS Configuration" with "DNS Server" set to "Dynamic", and fields for "Primary" (168 95 192 1) and "Secondary" (168 95 1 1).

**Adapter Address:** This field is grayed out for the Adapter Address is assumed not to enter randomly. In case there is a need to modify your MAC address, check **Modify** ☐ and enter the new MAC address accordingly.

**Device/Computer Name:** Enter a descriptive name for identification purpose. Some Internet Service Providers (ISP) requires this information and if that is the case, they will provide you with the name.

**Domain Name:** For example: *yourcompany.com*. The maximum input for this field is 32 alphanumeric characters and it is case insensitive.

*Note: Your ISP may ask you to input a certain domain name. Domain name is also required for internal network's email and news functions.*

**IP Config:** Select Dynamic or Static. If Static configuration is selected, enter the information of IP Address and **Subnet Mask** provided by your ISP.

**Gateway:** Enter the information provided by your ISP.

**DNS Server:** Select Dynamic or Static. Enter the information of Primary and Secondary DNS Server provided by your ISP when Static configuration is selected.

## DSL dynamic Mode

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Dual Ethernet IP Share for Cable/DSL Modem - Microsoft Internet Explorer". The address bar shows "http://192.168.100.254/". The page is titled "DSL dynamic Mode". On the left is a blue sidebar with the text "Broadband IP Gateway ver 5.00" and links: "Global Port", "Local Port", "Advanced Setup", "Network Status", and "Others". The main content area has a dropdown menu set to "PPPoE (DSL dynamic mode)". Below this are three sections: "Device Information" with fields for "Adapter Address" (00 00 CC 99 99 11) and a "Modify" checkbox, "Device/Computer Name" (KKCA2040), and "Domain Name" (Domain); "IP Address" with "IP Config" set to "Dynamic", and fields for "IP Address" (211 21 176 132), "Subnet Mask" (255 255 255 248), and "Gateway" (211 21 176 129); and "DNS Configuration" with "DNS Server" set to "Dynamic", and fields for "Primary" (168 95 192 1) and "Secondary" (168 95 1 1).

Device Information

**Adapter Address:** This field is grayed out for the Adapter Address is assumed not to enter randomly. In case there is a need to modify your MAC address, check **Modify** ☐ and enter the new MAC address accordingly.

**Device/Computer Name:** Enter a descriptive name for identification purpose. Some Internet Service Providers (ISP) requires this information and if that is the case, they will provide you with the name.

**Domain Name:** *For example: yourcompany.com.* The maximum input for this field is 32 alphanumeric characters and it is case insensitive.



### PPPoE Account    Active Profile ☒ 1   ☐ 2   ☐ 3

You can set three PPPoE accounts, while only one which you selected is active each time you enable PPPoE.

**Username:**

- Maximum input is 52 alphanumeric characters (case sensitive).

**Password:**

- Maximum input is 36 alphanumeric characters (case sensitive).

**Service Name:** For identification purpose. If it is required, your ISP will provide you the information.

**Static IP Address:** Enter the information provided by your ISP.

**Static DNS Server:** Enter the information provided by your ISP.

**Auto-disconnect if idle for ☐ minutes:** Configure this device to auto-disconnect when there is no activity on the line for a predetermined period of time.

- Default: 5 minutes. You can input any number from 0 to 65535.
- To keep the line always connected, set the number to 0.

**☒ Auto-reconnect :** Check to enable auto-reconnected. This function is helpful particularly when you are logged off for problems caused at your ISP side.

## Static Mode

**Broadband IP Gateway**  
ver 4.65

Global Port  
Local Port  
+ Advanced Setup  
+ Network Status  
+ Others  
Check E-Mail  
Factory Reset

Static configuration

Device Information

Adapter Address: 00 90 CC 99 99 11 ☐ Modify

Device/Computer Name: KKCA2040

Domain Name: Domain

IP Address

IP Config: ☒ Dynamic ☐ Static

IP Address: 211 21 176 132

Subnet Mask: 255 255 255 248

Gateway: 211 21 176 129

DNS Configuration

DNS Server: ☒ Dynamic ☐ Static

Primary: 168 95 192 1

Secondary: 168 95 1 1

RESET SAVE

**Adapter Address:** This field is grayed out for the Adapter Address is assumed not to enter randomly. In case there is a need to modify your MAC address, check **Modify** ☐ and enter the new MAC address accordingly.

**Device/Computer Name:** Enter a descriptive name for identification purpose. Some Internet Service Providers (ISP) requires this information and if that is the case, they will provide you with the name.

**Domain Name:** For example: *yourcompany.com*. The maximum input for this field is 32 alphanumeric characters and it is case insensitive.

**IP Config** ☒ **Dynamic** ☐ **Static** This line was grayed out. For static configuration was preset, so no dynamic IP address is allowed for selected.

**IP Address:** Enter the information provided by your ISP.

**Subnet Mask:** Enter the information provided by your ISP.

**Gateway:** Enter the information provided by your ISP.

**DNS Server** ☒ **Dynamic** ☐ **Static** This line was grayed out. For static configuration was preset, so no dynamic DNS Server is allowed for selected.

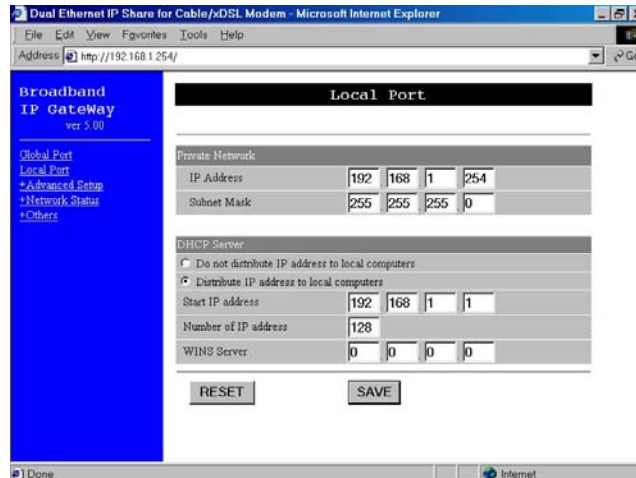
**Primary/Secondary:** Enter the information provided by your ISP.

**SAVE:** After completing the settings on this page, click “SAVE” to save the settings.

**RESET:** Click “RESET” to clear all the settings on this page.

Local Port

This screen contains settings for LAN interface attached to the local network.



## Private Network

### IP Address

- Default: 192.168.1.254

### SubNetmask

- Default: 255.255.255.0

## DHCP Server

### ☐ Do not distribute IP address to local computers<sup>2</sup>

Checking this radio button to disable this IP Sharing device to distribute IP Addresses (DHCP Server disabled).

### ☑ Distribute IP addresses to local computers

Checking this radio button to enable this IP Sharing device to distribute IP Addresses (DHCP enabled). And the following field will be activated for you to enter the starting IP Address:

#### Starts IP address :

The starting address of this local IP network address pool. The pool is a piece of continuous IP address segment. Keep the default value 192.168.1.1 should work for most cases.

#### Number of IP address:

- Maximum: **253**. Default value 253 should work for most cases.

*Note: If “Continuous IP address pool starts” is set at 192.168.1.1 and the “Number of IP address in pool” is 253, the device will distribute IP addresses from 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.253 to all the computers in the network that request IP addresses from DHCP server (IP Sharing Device).*

**WINS server:** Enter the IP Address Windows domain name server.

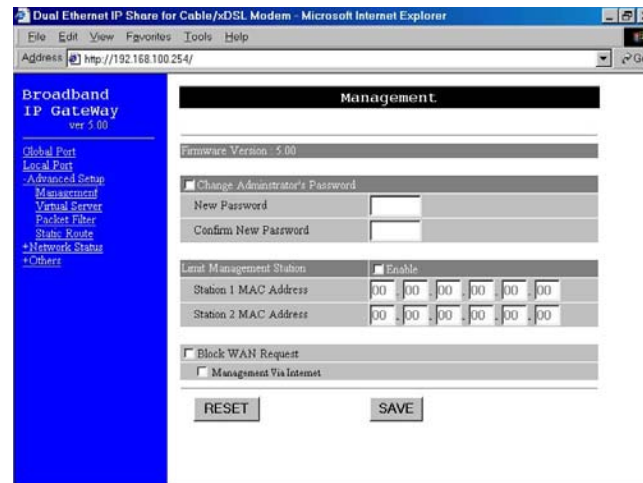
**SAVE:** After completing the settings on this page, click “SAVE” to save the settings.

**RESET:** Click “RESET” to clear all the settings on this page.

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<sup>2</sup> If you check this selection, remember you have to specify a static IP address for all your local computers.

## Management



In this management page, you can

1. **Change Administrator's password**
2. **Limit Management:** Enables two stations to manage this IP Share through Web configuration. Enter the MAC addresses for the stations you select for management. After the setup is completed, only the assigned stations with password authentication can manage this IP Share.
3. **Block WAN Request:** Blocks requests from Internet to the local network.  
If this item is checked, the function of management through Web configuration or Telnet will be automatically disabled, in other words, Internet requests and the Telnet/HTTP managements, namely ICMP, IDENT, Telnet, and HTTP will be rejected at the same time.
4. **Management Via Internet:** Allows management of this device via HTTP and Telnet from Internet.

Below are coordinate results of Block WAN Request and Telnet/HTTP management for this device. Refer to this table for further Internet/system management.

V: Checked

X: Unchecked

Block WAN Request	Management Via Internet	Coordinate Result
V	X (automatically)	WAN requests over TCP 113 (IDENT) and ICMP are rejected. No Telnet, HTTP managements are allowed.
X	V	WAN requests over TCP 113 (IDENT) and ICMP are accepted. Telnet, HTTP managements are allowed.



X	X	WAN requests over TCP 113 (IDENT) and ICMP are accepted. No Telnet, HTTP managements are allowed.
---	---	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**SAVE:** After completing the settings on this page, click “SAVE” to save the settings.

**RESET:** Click “RESET” to clear all the settings on this page.

## Virtual Server

The screenshot shows the 'Virtual Server' configuration page. On the left is a blue sidebar with navigation links: Global Port, Local Port, Advanced Setup, Management, Virtual Server (selected), Packet Filter, Static Route, Network Status, and Others. The main content area has a title 'Virtual Server' and an 'Add Server' section. The 'Method' is set to 'By Name'. The 'Application (Port)' is 'FTP (TCP 21)'. The 'Port Type' is 'TCP'. The 'Single/Range' is 'Single'. The 'Port Number' is empty. The 'Local Server IP Address' is '192.168.100.1'. There are 'RESET' and 'ADD' buttons at the bottom of the form.

In this page, you can set up a local server with specific port number which stands for the service (e.g. web(80), FTP(21), Telnet(23)). When this device receives an incoming access request for this specific port, it will be forwarded to the corresponding internal server. You can add virtual servers by either port numbers or by names.

Maximum 12 Server entries are allowed and each port number can only be assigned to one IP address.

**Method** ☐ By Name ☒ By Port You can select to set up a virtual server either by name or by port.

**Application (Port):** Select and click ▼ to scroll down. Select from the most popular server applications for Virtual Server.

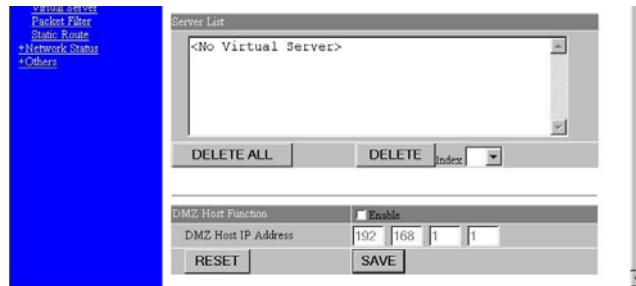
**Port Type:** please select the port type (TCP or UDP) for the port number that was entered earlier.

**Single/Range:** For selecting between a specific port and a range of ports which you want the Internet users to be able to access. The valid port number ranges from 0 to 65535.

**Local Server IP Address:** Enter the Local Server’s IP address (for the specified port entered above).

**ADD:** Each time you finished setting, click the **Add** button and the added servers will appear on the **Server List**.

**RESET:** Click “RESET” to clear all the settings on this page.



**Server List:** Display all the virtual servers.

**DELETE ALL:** Click to delete all the servers on the list.

**DELETE:** Click to delete the selected server.

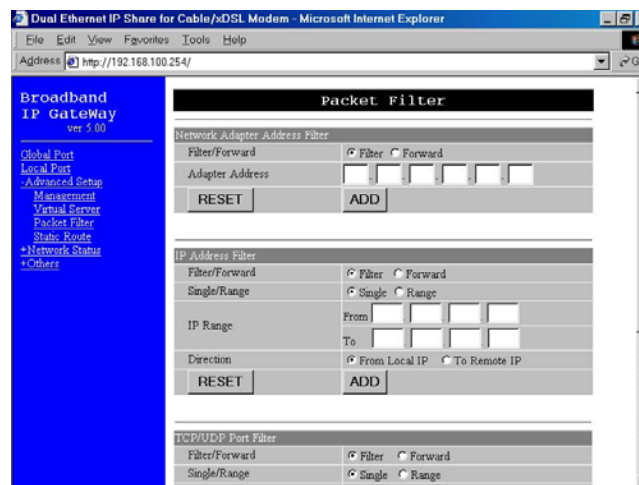
**DMZ Host Function:** If the DMZ Host Function is enabled, it means that you set up DMZ host at a particular computer to be exposed to the Internet so that some applications/software, especially Internet / online game can have two-way connections.

**DMZ Host IP Address:** Enter the computer's IP Address for DMZ Host.

**RESET:** Click "RESET" to clear all the settings on this page.

**SAVE:** After completing the settings on this page, click "SAVE" to save the settings.

## Packet Filters



In the Packet Filters setup screen, you can block specific internal users from accessing the Internet and you can also disable specific Internet services. You can set up the filters through the following three types of filter. Each filter can be set to **filter (drop)** or **forward (pass)** packets. You can input up to six filters in this device.

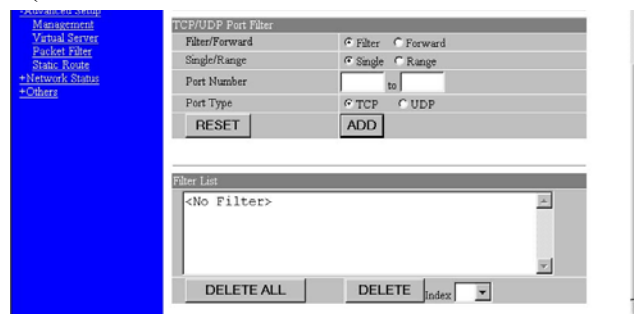
**Network Adapter Address Filter:** filter according to **local** computer's network adapter MAC address (also known as the adapter card's Physical Address).

**IP Address Filter:** Filter with computer's IP address.

**Single/Range:** You can filter a single IP, or a range of the IP addresses.

**IP Range:** Enter the Start and End IP addresses for a range of IP addresses for filter/forward.

**Direction** ☐ **From Local IP** ☐ **To Remote IP**: filtering IP address of a **local** computer; or filtering IP address of a **remote** server (this remote server connects to the device via Internet).



**TCP/UDP Port Filter:** Filter using the port number. You can set filter for a single port or a range of ports.

**Filter/Forward:** Select action (Filter/Forward) for following assigned port(s).

**Single/Range:** You can filter a single port, or a range of ports.

**Port Number:** The port number(s) for the filters.

**Port Type:**

- **TCP port:** filter according to the Connection-Based Application Service on the **remote** server using the port number.
- **UDP port:** filter according to the Connectionless Application Service on the **remote** server using the port number.

**ADD:** Each time you finished setting the filters, click the **Add** button and the added filter will appear on the **Filter List**.

**RESET:** Click “RESET” to clear all the settings on this page.

**Filter List:** Display all the Packet Filters.

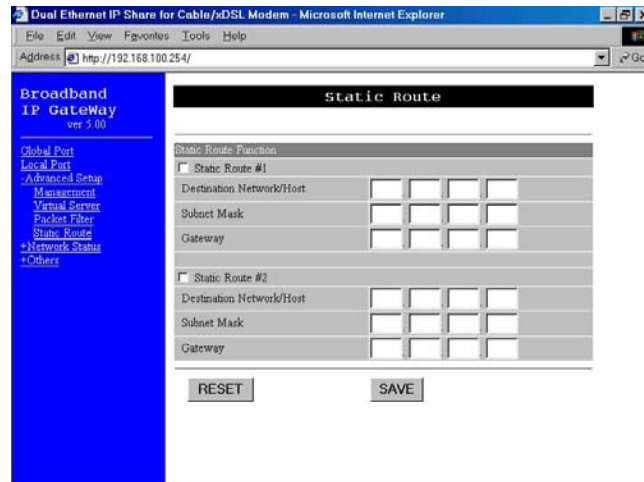
**DELETE ALL:** Click to delete all the filters on the list.

**DELETE:** Click to delete the selected filter.

## Static Router

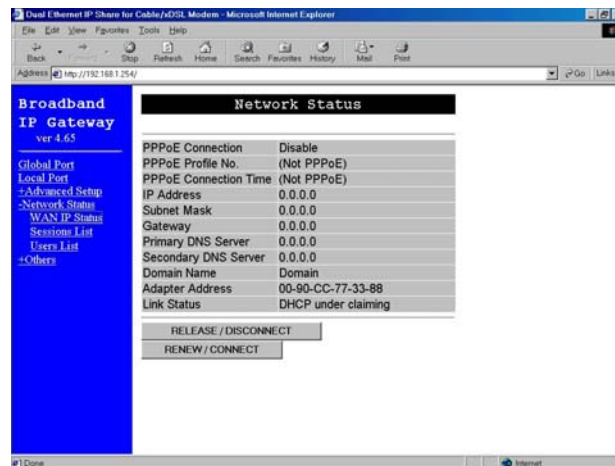
You can set static routes to manually administrate the network topology/traffic when the dynamic route is not effective enough.

Select “**Static Route #1**” or “**Static Route #2**”, enter the settings, and click “**SAVE**” to save settings. Click “**RESET**” to clear all entries.

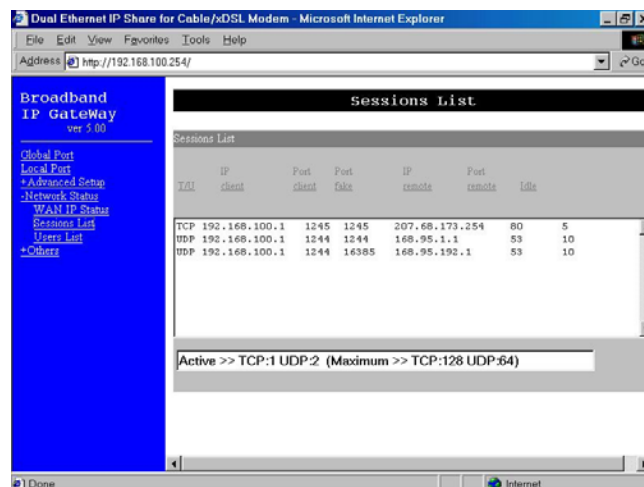


WAN IP Status

**Network Status:** Display the current Internet connection status.



**Sessions List:** Displays active Internet sessions through this device.

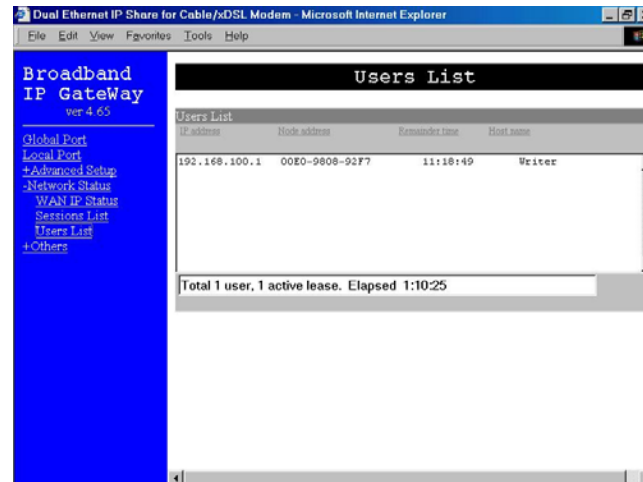


**IP Client/ Port Client:** The local network IP address/port number of one end point of a session.

**Port Fake:** Featuring NAT, the Port Fake is used to translate the local network IP addresses for connecting to the Internet.

**IP Remote/Port Remote:** The outside network IP address/port number of the other end of a session.

**Users List:** Displays the current active users.

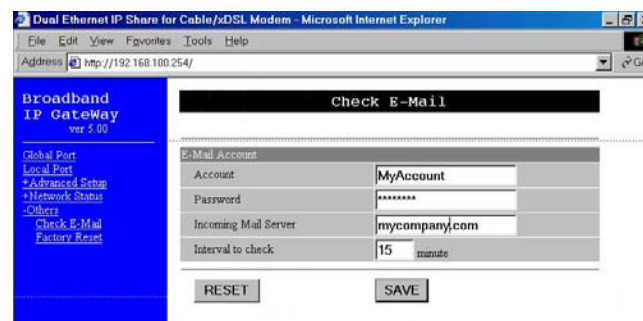


## Checking E-Mail

You may set a mail account on this IP Share to periodically check up incoming emails. You'll need to enter the account name, password, the name of the incoming mail server and the interval to check mail. The Have Mail LED will lit variously dependent upon the email amount to be retrieved. For details of the e-Mail LED indication, refer to the previous section titled "Parts Names and Functions".

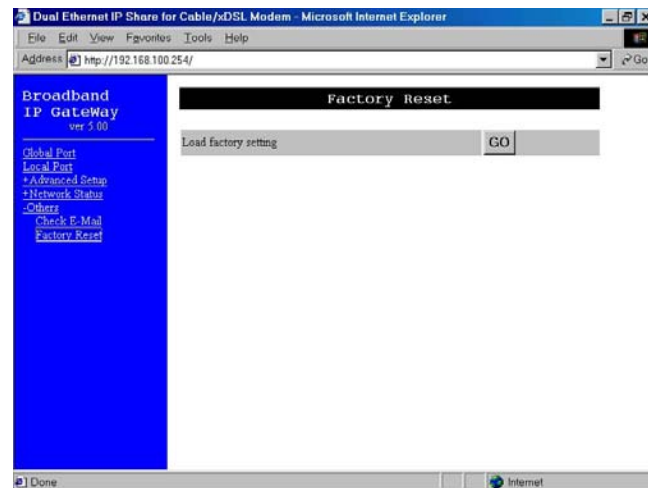
**RESET:** Click "RESET" to clear all the settings on this page.

**SAVE:** After completing the settings on this page, click "SAVE" to save the settings.



## Factory Reset

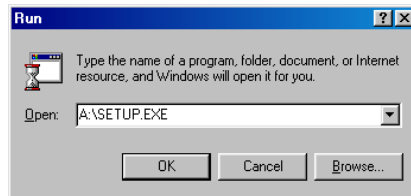
To reset to factory default setting, click the GO button. **Note that performing the Factory Reset will erase all previously entered device settings.**



## Configuration via GUI

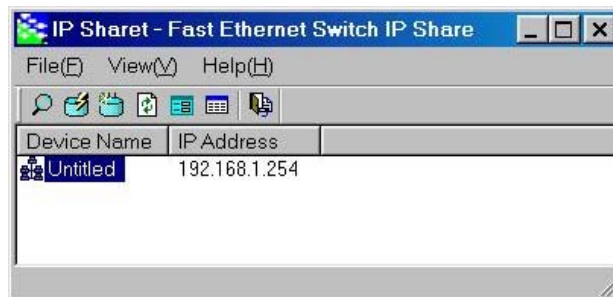
### How to start

1. For the first time installation, insert the setup diskette in the floppy drive, in Windows, run **setup.exe** at the diskette's root directory.




**Figure 3**

2. After installing the setup program, go to **Start → Programs → IP Share Setup**.
3. When the opening screen appears, you will be prompted a list of the current active devices. Click to select the device you want to configure.

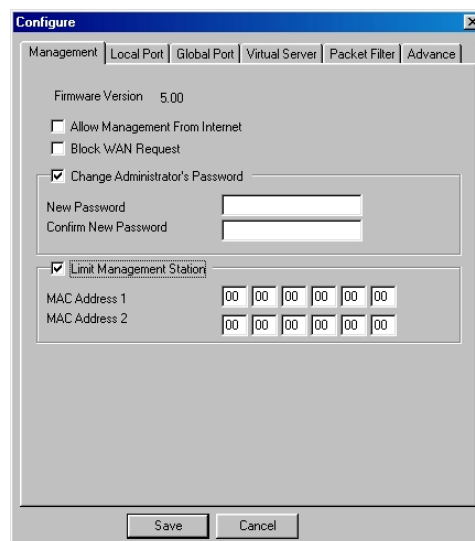


**Figure 4**

4. Click  on the tool bar to configure the selected device.

The **configure** dialog box is categorized into several tabs as shown in the following.

### Management



**Figure 5**

**Firmware Version:** the current firmware version (Read-only).

**Allow Management From Internet:** Check to allow Web and Telnet configuration.

**Block WAN Request:** Check to block requests from Internet to the local network.

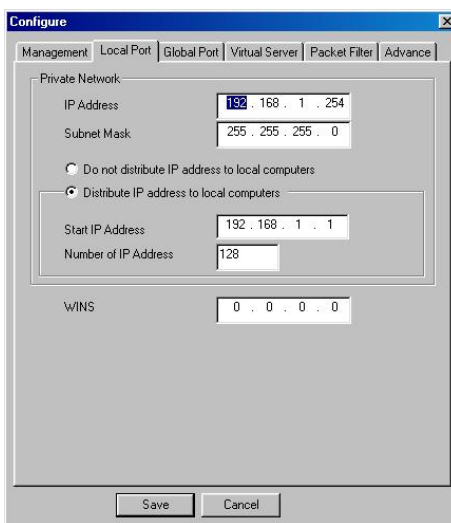
**Change Administrator Password:** In this dialog box, you can set administrator's password.

- **Maximum: 6** alphanumeric characters (case sensitive). Please record the password and keep it at a safe place.

**Limit Management Station:** Check to allow two stations to manage this IP Share without entering any passwords. Enter the MAC Addresses corresponding to the stations.

### **Local Port**

This screen contains settings for LAN interface attached to the local network.



**Figure 6**

### **IP Address**

- Default: 192.168.1.254

### **SubNetmask**

- Default: 255.255.255.0

### **⓪Do not distribute IP address to local computers<sup>3</sup>**

Checking this radio button to disable this IP Sharing device to distribute IP Addresses to the local network.

### **⓪Distribute IP addresses to local computers**

Checking this radio button to enable this IP Sharing device to distribute IP Addresses. And the following field will be activated for you to enter the starting IP Address:

---

<sup>3</sup> If you check this selection, remember you have to specify static IP address for each of your local computers.



**Start IP Address:** Enter the starting address of this local IP network address pool. The pool is a piece of continuous IP.

**Number of IP address in pool**

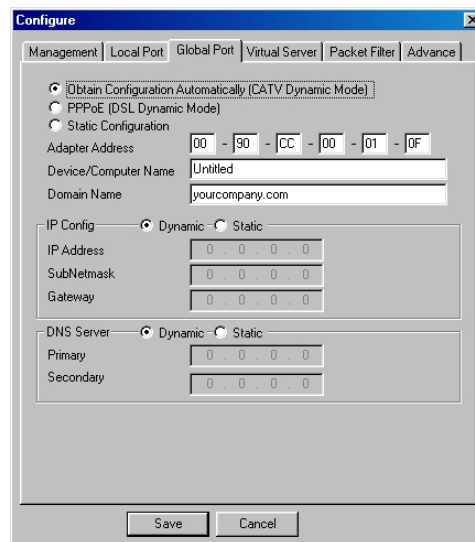
- Maximum: **253**. Default: **253**

**Global Port**

This screen contains settings for the Global interface. Different WAN interface, i.e. ADSL/Cable modem, ADSL with PPPoE enabled, or Static Leased Line will have different display. Click to select the appropriate WAN interface for your environment.

**Adapter Address:** It is necessary for some ISP to identify this device by its MAC address.

**Device/Computer Name:** Enter a descriptive name for identification purpose. Some Internet Service Providers (ISP) requires this information and if that is the case, they will provide you with the name. The Maximum input for this field is **20** alphanumeric characters and it is case sensitive.



**CATV Dynamic Mode**

**Figure 7**

**☉ Obtain configuration automatically (CATV dynamic mode):**

For users who are using Cable Modem Internet service.

**Adapter Address:** It is necessary for some ISP to identify this device by its MAC address.

**Device/Computer Name:** Enter a descriptive name for identification purpose. Some Internet Service Providers (ISP) requires this information and if that is the case, they will provide you with the name. The Maximum input for this field is **20** alphanumeric characters and it is case sensitive.

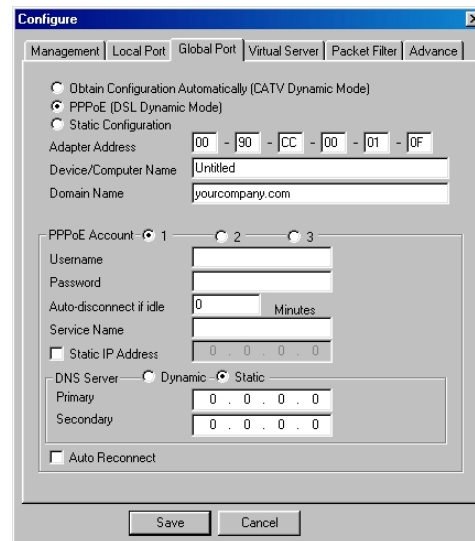
**Domain Name:** For example: **yourcompany.com**. The maximum input for this field is 32 alphanumeric characters and it is case insensitive.

**IP Config**      ☐ **Dynamic** ☐ **Static** You may select Dynamic IP configuration to automatically assign IP address or Static to have a fixed IP address.

**DNS Server** ☐ **Dynamic** ☐ **Static** You may select Dynamic DNS Server or Static DNS server.

**WINS server:** Enter the Windows domain name server.

☐ **PPPoE (DSL dynamic mode):**



**Figure 8**

For users who are using xDSL Internet service that runs PPPoE. If your xDSL service uses PPPoE, after installing the IP Sharing device, please do not run PPPoE software on your computers.

**PPPoE Account** ☐ 1    ☐ 2    ☐ 3

You can set three PPPoE accounts, while only one which you selected is active each time you enable PPPoE.

**Username:** Maximum input is 52 alphanumeric characters (case sensitive).

**Password :** Maximum input is 36 alphanumeric characters (case sensitive).

**Auto-disconnect if idle for:** This device can be configured to auto-disconnect when there is no activity on the line for a predetermined period of time.

- Default: 5 minutes. You can input any number from 0 to 65535.
- To keep the line always connected, please set the number to 0.

**Service Name** For identification purpose. If it is required, your ISP will provide you the information.

**Static IP address:** Click **Dynamic** to have an automatically assigned IP address; or click **Static** to enter the information provided by your ISP.

**Auto Reconnect :** Check to enable auto-reconnected. This function is helpful particularly when you are logged off for problems caused at your ISP side.

### Ⓢ *Static Configuration:*

Check this button when the ISP assigns static IP address for your account.

The screenshot shows the 'Configure' window with the 'Static Configuration' tab selected. The 'Obtain Configuration Automatically (CATV Dynamic Mode)' and 'PPPoE (DSL Dynamic Mode)' radio buttons are unselected. The 'Static Configuration' radio button is selected. The 'Adapter Address' is set to '00 - 90 - CC - 00 - 01 - 0F'. The 'Device/Computer Name' is 'Untitled' and the 'Domain Name' is 'Domainabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123'. The 'IP Config' section has 'Dynamic' selected, but the 'Static' option is also visible. The 'IP Address', 'SubNetmask', and 'Gateway' are all set to '0 . 0 . 0 . 0'. The 'DNS Server' section has 'Dynamic' selected, but the 'Static' option is also visible. The 'Primary' and 'Secondary' DNS servers are both set to '0 . 0 . 0 . 0'. The 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons are at the bottom.

**Figure 9**

### Virtual Server

Being a natural Internet firewall, this IP Sharing device protects your network from being accessed by outside users. When there is applications that require outside users to access internal servers (e.g. Web Server, FTP Server, e-mail Server or News Server), this device can act as a virtual server to public services. You can set up a local server with specific port number which stands for the service (e.g. web(80), FTP(21), Telnet(23)). When this device receives an incoming access request for this specific port, it will be forwarded to the corresponding internal server.

The screenshot shows the 'Configure' window with the 'Virtual Server' tab selected. The 'DMZ Host' checkbox is checked, and the 'IP Address' is set to '192 . 168 . 1 . 1'. The 'Add Server' section has 'By Name' selected, and the 'Application Name' is 'AOL (DirectX 6.0)'. The 'By Port Number' section has 'Single' selected, and the 'Port Type' is 'TCP'. The 'Local Server' field is empty, and the 'Browse...' button is next to it. The 'Server List' table is empty. The 'Delete ALL' and 'Delete' buttons are at the bottom right. The 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons are at the bottom.

Port#	Local Server	Type
-------	--------------	------

**Figure 10**

**DMZ Host:** Check to set up DMZ host at a particular computer to be exposed to the Internet.

**IP Address:** Enter a Local Server's IP address for the DMZ Host.

**Add Server:** Click By Name or By Port Number to add the local server in the Server List.

**By Name:** Click to select the server applications.

**Application Name:** Click the down arrow ▼ to scroll down and select from the most popular server applications for Virtual Server.

**By Port Number:**

**Single Port/Port Range:** For selecting between a specific port and a range of ports which you want the Internet users to be able to access. The valid port number ranges from 0 to 65535.

**Port Type:** please select the port type (TCP or UDP) for the port number that was entered earlier.

**Local Server:** Enter the Local Server's IP address (for the specified port entered above).

**Browse:** If DHCP function is enabled, click on "Browse", the distributed IP Addresses (with associated computer name) will appear on the screen. You can select the desired IP address (for the specified port entered above) and add it to the server list.

↵: After finish selecting the port number and the internal server, click this button to save the new virtual server so that it can take effect after system being rebooted.

*Note: Maximum 12 Server entries are allowed and each port number can only be assigned to one IP address.*

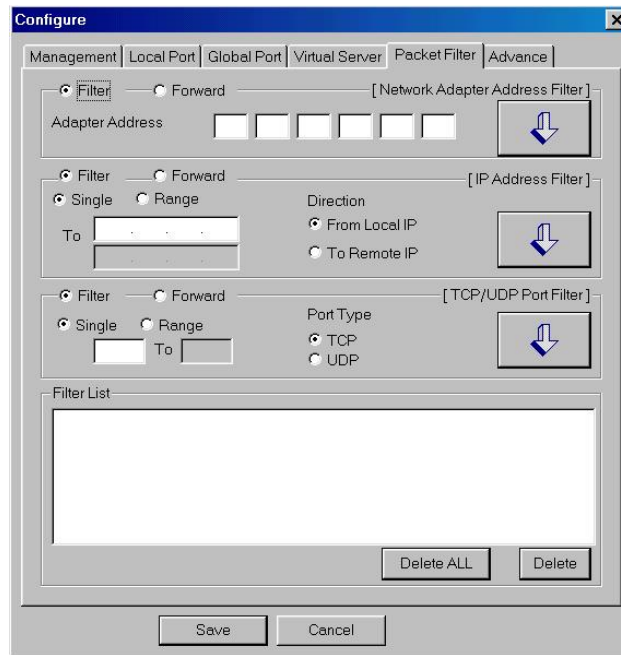
**Server List:** The Local Server IP Addresses will appear on the screen.

**Delete:** click to select the **Port#** in the "Server List" and click "Delete" to delete the server from the list.

**Delete All:** Click to delete all the listed virtual servers.

### **Packet Filters**

In the Packet Filters setup screen, you can block specific internal users from accessing the Internet and you can also disable specific Internet services. You can set up the filters through the following three types of filter. Each filter can be set to **filter (drop)** or **forward (pass)** packets. You can input up to six filters in this device.



**Figure 11**

**Network Adapter Address Filter:** filter according to **local** computer's network adapter MAC address (also known as the adapter card's Physical Address).

**IP Address Filter:** Filter with computer's IP address. You can filter a single IP, or a range of the IP addresses.

- **From Local IP:** filtering IP address of a **local** computer.
- **To Remote IP:** filtering IP address of a **remote** server (this remote server connects to the device via Internet).

*Note: Use "To Remote IP" function to prohibit all local stations from accessing certain web sites on the Internet (requires the web site's IP address).*

**TCP/UDP Port Filter:** Filter using the port number. You can set filter for a single port or a range of ports.

- **TCP port:** filter according to the Connection-Based Application Service on the **remote** server using the port number.
- **UDP port:** filter according to the Connectionless Application Service on the **remote** server using the port number.

*Note: You can only set each filter type to either forward or filter. For example, you can't set one IP address to forward and set another IP address to filter. You must set them both to either forward or filter. However, you can set to forward an "Adapter Address" and set to filter an "IP address".*

Each time you finished setting the filters, click ↓ and the added filter will appear on the **Filter List**.

**Delete:** To remove a filter, click to select the filter in the **Filter List** and click **Delete**

**Delete All:** Click to delete all the listed virtual servers.

After the configuration, click on **Save** to save the settings. Click **Cancel** to cancel the configuration process.

## Advance

### Static Route:

In the **Advance** setup screen, you can set static routes to manually administrate the network topology/traffic when the dynamic route is not effective enough.

Select “**Static Route #1**” or “**Static Route #2**”, enter the settings.

### E-Mail Account:

You may set a mail account on this IP Share to periodically check up incoming emails.

You'll need to enter the **account name**, **password**, **the name of the incoming mail server** and the time for **interval to check mail**.


The Have Mail LED will glow variously dependent upon the email amount to be retrieved.

The screenshot shows a 'Configure' window with the 'Advance' tab selected. It contains two main sections: 'Static Route' and 'E-Mail Account'. The 'Static Route' section has two columns for 'Static Route #1' and 'Static Route #2'. Each column has input fields for 'IP Address', 'Submask', and 'Gateway', all set to '0 . 0 . 0 . 0'. The 'E-Mail Account' section has input fields for 'Account' (my\_account), 'Password' (hidden with asterisks), 'Incoming Mail Server' (your\_company.com), and 'Interval To Check' (15 Minutes). At the bottom are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

## Firmware Upgrade

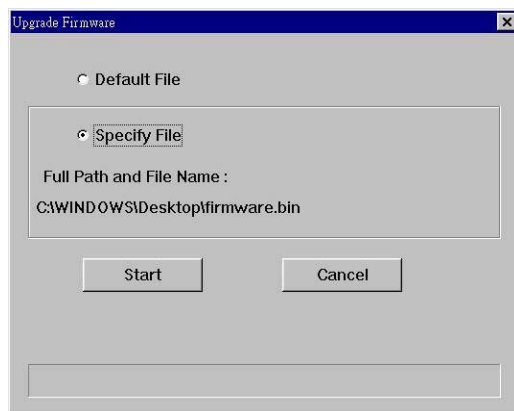
### Manual Upgrade

You may also manually upgrade your IP Share by perform the following steps:

1. Connect the device to a computer that can configure the device using the GUI. Copy the latest firmware to the directory where the **setup.exe** is located or to any desired location on the hard driver (e.g. C:\IPS).
2. Back to the **management utility** window, click on “File” from the Tool Bar, select “Find Device” from the drop down menu. You will see a list of the IP Sharing Devices on the screen. Select the one that you are going to update the firmware and click  on the Tool Bar. The Upgrade Firmware window will appear.



3. If you have copy the latest firmware to the directory where *setup.exe* is, click on “**Default File**” and click “**Start**”, the program will upgrade the firmware with the latest version of firmware, (i.e. **firmware.bin**). If you copy the firmware file to a desired location, in the **Upgrade Firmware** window, select “**Specify File**”, enter the firmware file’s path (e.g. C:\WINDOWS\Desktop\firmware.bin), and then click “**Start**” to upgrade the firmware.



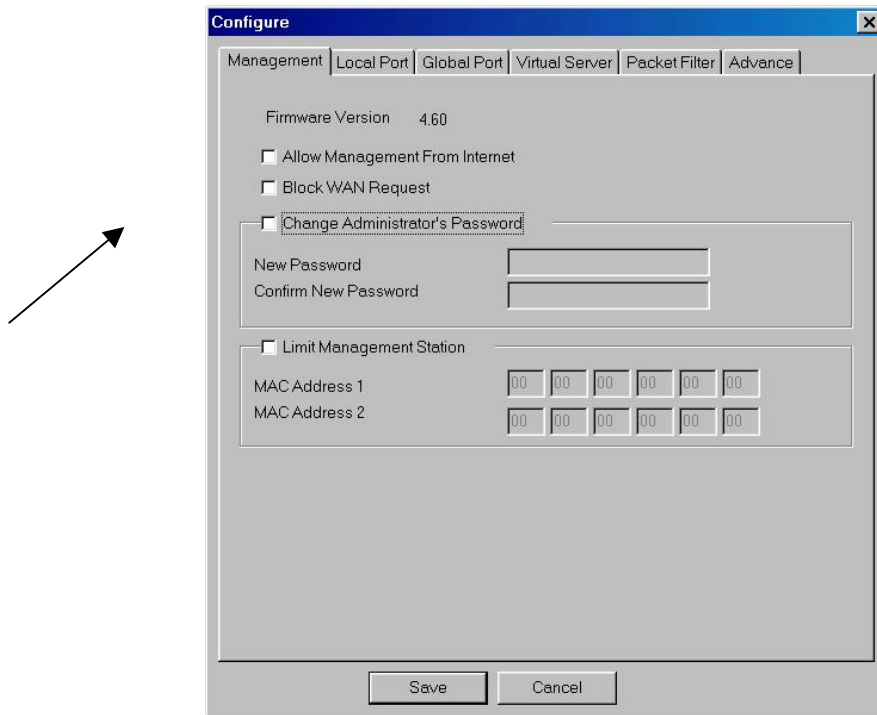
4. The upgrade will take a couple of minutes to complete, do not interrupt the process. After the upgrade process completes, you will see a “**Finish**” button, click on it to finish the procedure.

## Changing Password

The device has no password at default. It is recommended that you change the default passwords to ensure that someone cannot adjust the device's settings.

From GUI

1. Start this device by running **setup.exe** as described in the chapter titled “**Configuration**”.



**Figure 12**

2. Check “**Change Administrator’s Password**.”
3. Enter the desired new password in “New Password” and enter the new password again in the “Confirm New Password” field and then click “**Save**” at the bottom.

From Web

1. At the setup home page, select Detail Setup at the right panel.
2. Point Management to expand.
3. Check Change Administrator’s Password.
4. Enter the new password.
5. Enter to confirm.



Dual Ethernet IP Share for Cable/xDSL Modem - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Address http://192.168.100.254/ Go

**Broadband IP GateWay**  
ver 5.00

Global Port  
Local Port  
Advanced Setup  
Management  
Virtual Server  
Packet Filter  
Static Route  
Network Status  
Others

**Management**

Firmware Version : 5.00

☐ Change Administrator's Password

New Password

Confirm New Password

Limit Management Station ☒ Enable

Station 1 MAC Address

Station 2 MAC Address

☐ Block WAN Request

☐ Management Via Internet

RESET SAVE

Forgot your password?

Refer to **FAQ** section for “Factory Reset” procedures.

## FAQ

What is DMZ?

DMZ (DeMilitarized Zone) A barrier between the Internet and a company's Intranet. It is a subnet that contains a firewall and proxy server, which can be in separate servers or in one server. The firewall connects to an external firewall on the Internet side, which may be at the ISP's location and is often called a "boundary router." The double firewall architecture adds an extra measure of security for the Intranet.

What is PPPoE (PPP Over Ethernet )?

PPPoE is known as a dial-up DSL service. It is designed to integrate the broadband services into the current widely deployed, easy-to-use, and low-cost dial-up-access networking infrastructure. Thus, customer can get greater access speed without changing the operation concept.

### **How can I know I am using PPPoE?**

PPPoE client software is provided by our ISP and should be installed onto your computer first. You run the program to connect/disconnect to the Internet. User Account information (User Name and Password) is also required each time you connect to the Internet access.

***Note:** After you have entered the PPPoE information during the device setup, after starting up the device, the device will provide your Internet Service the PPPoE information and login automatically. It is not necessary to install and run the PPPoE software on the computers and you can just uninstall the PPPoE software from your computers.*

### **Checking PPPoE Connections**

#### **1.For GUI Setup program**

1. Go to **Start→ Programs→IP Share Setup**.
2. When the **configure** screen appears, select the Global Port tab. Refer to the previous section titled “**Configuration in GUI**”.
3. Check if the value of Global port IP address is **0.0.0.0**, if it is, that means that the PPPoE connection failed. If the value is **non-zero**, then the PPPoE connection is good.

#### **2. Checking PPPoE status through Terminal Mode**

1. Start Telnet as described in the previous section titled “**Configuration in Terminal Program**” for terminal emulation.
2. At the command prompt, type **show** command.  
`command>show`
3. If the string of IP address of global port is 0.0.0.0, this means you are not connected. If it is anything other than 0.0.0.0 (non-zero), it means the connection is good.

***Note:** Once the PPPoE setup is completed on this device, do not run any PPPoE client software on the local workstations.*

## Factory Reset

If you have lost the device's password or you would like to set the device back to its default state, you can do the Factory Reset. **Performing the Factory Reset will erase all previously entered device settings.**

To reset to factory default setting, go to the **Management Utility** window and click  on the tool bar and then click "OK" to confirm the reset.



**Figure 13**

The factory default values are detailed in the section **Factory Default Settings**.

### **"I can't find the product using the GUI Setup Software"**

For the GUI Setup Software to find the device, it has to be accessed from a client. This means that the computer you are trying to use to run the software must be setup as described in the section **Configuration in GUI**. Also, the computer should be restarted to ensure that it is receiving IP address from the device.

To verify that your computer's TCP/IP protocol is setup properly, use the "winipcfg" utility in Windows (95, 98, and ME). To run this, go to Start-->Run, type "winipcfg" in the Run box, and then click "OK". Make sure the Network Adapter Card is selected and then press the "More Info" button on the bottom right hand corner. **For Win2000 and NT stations, open the "Command Prompt" (DOS window) and type in ipconfig /all and hit "Enter" to obtain the adapter's IP information.**

Look at the box labeled DHCP Server, this should be the product's IP address (192.168.0.1 at default). If it is not, or it is blank or reads 255.255.255.255 then you may have a cabling problem, or you may have another DHCP server on your network. In either case, please follow the installation guide again, and **ONLY** connect the device, the client, and your modem together. If you are on a network, it is recommended that you contact your IS or IT Manager for further assistance with DHCP settings. Placing an IP Sharing Device that passes out IP addresses on a LAN with an existing DHCP server may cause problems throughout a network. It is recommended you disable other DHCP servers on the network if you plan on using this product on the network.

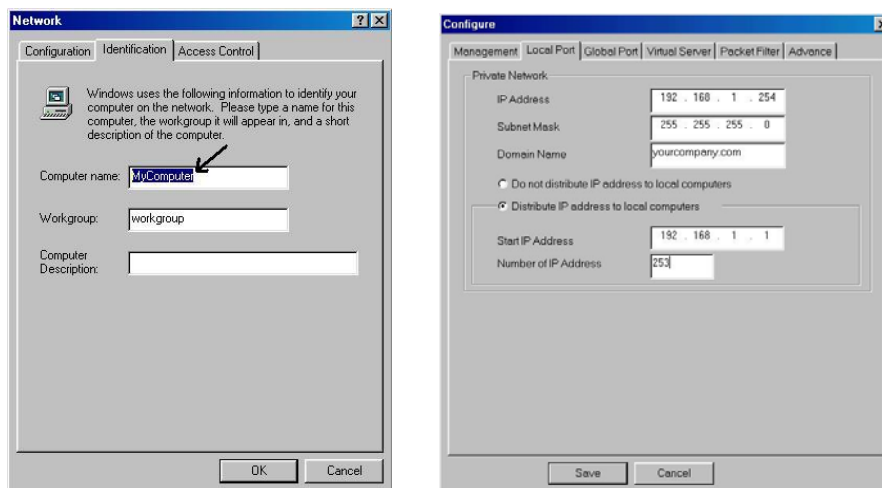
## IP address conflict

When you see the message box prompted for IP address conflict, this means two or more workstations have the same IP address. If you have setup the device as a DHCP server, on the problem workstation, please run the "**winipcfg**" utility, select the correct Network Adapter, click "release all" to release all current configuration first, then click "renew all" to renew the IP information again. If the DHCP function is disabled and static IP addresses are assigned to each workstation, please double check each workstation's IP address for duplicate IP.

Can not access the Internet

**Find the workstation's "Computer" name and then input this name in the device's "Device/Computer Name" field in Local Port field. If you are a Cable Modem user, do this only when your cable Modem Internet Service Provider provides you with a specific "Computer Name".**

1. On the Workstation (95, 98, and ME), go to **Start → Control Panel → Network**, and select **Identification** tab. Copy the Computer name as shown in the left figure below. For Win2000, right click on "my computer", select "properties", click on "network identifications", click on "properties", and then copy the computer name.
2. Run the GUI setup program, select the device, and click on "Configure" to go to the **Local Port** tab.
3. Paste the name on to the field "**Device/Computer Name**" as shown in the right figure below.



**Figure 14**

Check the physical connectivity of local network.

Check if both the LEDs of Local and Global on the product's front panel are lit. If yes, go to next step. Otherwise, make sure you are using the correct cables and the cables are connected to the network devices properly. Push the MD/MDIX button once and see if the LED lit up.

Check the physical connectivity of broadband device.

Examine the LED of LAN port and the LED of the broadband signal input on the Cable Modem/xDSL Modem. If the LAN LED is off, make sure you are using the correct cables and the cables are connected to the devices properly. If the LED of the broadband signal is off, please contact your ISP.

*Note: You can also call your ISP and make sure the Internet service is still online.*

Check the status of this product.

If your ISP assigned you an IP address, please skip this step. Otherwise, use the telnet program to "release" and "renew" the current IP address of the Global port. After that, type "Show" command to see if "obtain global port configuration from ISP" shows the address is "claiming" or "under

claiming”. If the IP address is “claiming”, go to next step. If the result is “under claiming”, reboot the product and check it again. If the result still is “under claiming”, please contact your ISP and find out if the service is still available.

Check the logical connectivity from your computer to the Internet.

Refer to the section "PING.EXE" in the "TCP/IP Network diagnosis" chapter. Follow the described steps to find out where the problem is.

Diagnosis

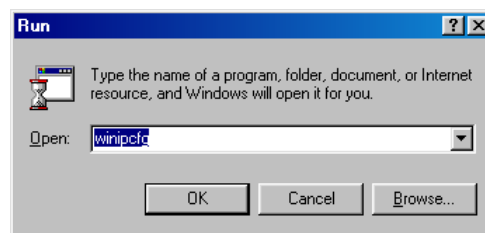
### **TCP/IP Network Diagnosis**

Execute *WINIPCFG.EXE* or *PING.EXE* for TCP/IP network diagnosis.

#### ***WINIPCFG***

The WINIPCFG program (for Win95, 98, and ME) is used to gather information about the TCP/IP connections that are active on your system. It cannot be used to dynamically adjust TCP/IP connections. You can also renew leases (if allowed by the network), and get the current IP address assignments through this program.

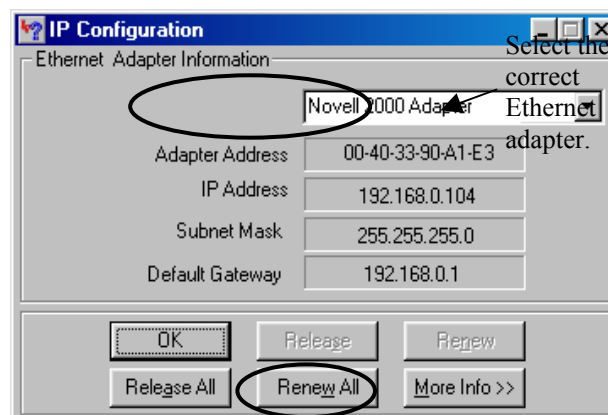
From Windows, go to **Start**, click **Run**, enter **WINIPCFG**, and click **OK**.



**Figure 15: Run**

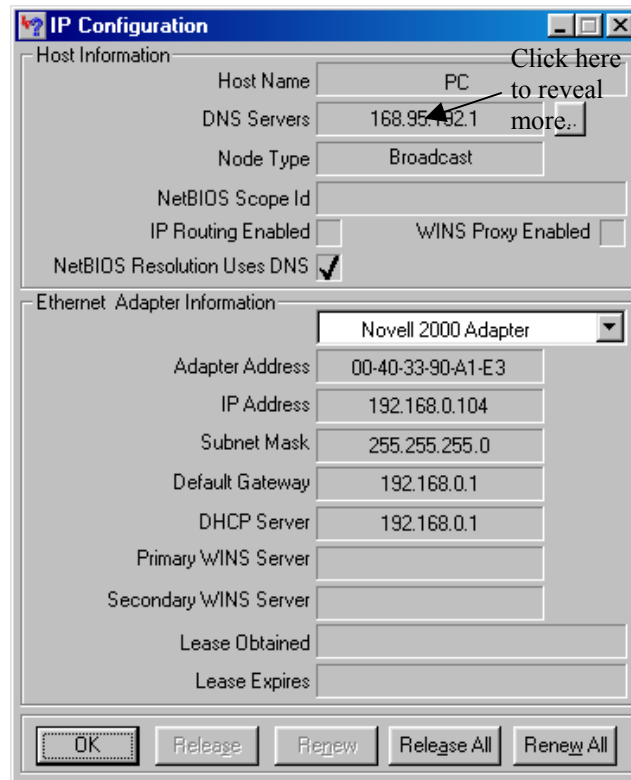
The following figure displays the adapter address and current TCP/IP address.

Note: At the “Ethernet Adapter Information”, select the correct Ethernet adapter that is installed in this computer.



**Figure 16: IP Configuration**

Click the **More Info** button to get detailed configuration information.



**Figure 17: IP Configuration**

On the top, the “Host Name” and “DNS server” of the computer are configured to call when it is looking for a named resource. The default gateway is the server through which the client connects to the Internet. The DHCP Server identifies the network server that assigns IP addresses to computers on the network.

If the product is working properly, the following should be apparent from this screen:

- 1) The Client should have an IP address within the prescribed range.
- 2) The “DHCP” and “Default Gateway” should list the product’s local port address (the device’s IP address).
- 3) The DNS server IP addresses should match the DNS server IP addresses set in the device.

### ***IPCONFIG***

For Win NT and Win2000, go to “Start”→”Programs”→”Accessories”→”Command Prompt” to open the Command Prompt. Type in **IPCONFIG /ALL** and hit “Enter” to see the adapter’s information. Type in **IPCONFIG /RELEASE** to release all adapters’ IP address and **IPCONFIG /RENEW** to renew IP addresses. For a list of the **IPCONFIG** commands, type in **IPCONFIG /? .**

### ***PING.EXE***

Ping is used to verify that a computer is active and available. Users can ping a specific destination domain name or just the IP address.

Example:

For example, to find the server 168.95.192.1, type the following command at the MS-DOS prompt and then press “Enter”:

```
C:\>ping 168.95.192.1
```

PING can be executed in Windows as shown below:

1. Go to the **Start** menu.
2. Click **Run**.
3. Type **ping 168.95.192.1** and click **OK**.
4. The server (IP address) is online if the following message appears.  
**Reply from 192.168.0.1: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=100**
5. The destination device is not reachable if the following message appears.

**Reply from 192.168.0.1: Destination host unreachable**

**or Request timed out.**

### **ISP Connectivity Checkup**

Issue a PING command to the IP address of your ISP’s Gateway or DNS server.

*Note: If the global port was set to obtain configuration automatically, you need to check Gateway and DNS server information under “Global Port” via the Windows GUI setup program.*

For Example:

From the GUI setup program, if the DNS server address is 203.66.81.254, at C:\> prompt, enter **Ping 203.66.81.254**. If successful, you can reach your ISP server.

If unsuccessful, you may have trouble connecting to your ISP, please verify that the product is properly configured to connect to your ISP. Also verify that your Cable/DSL modem and the line are functioning properly.

### **Internet Connectivity Checkup**

PING to an IP address or domain name on Internet.

For Example:

```
C:\> PING 168.95.192.1 -w 5000
```

```
C:\> PING www.yahoo.com -w 5000
```

If successful, you are connected to the Internet.

If you can ping the ISP’s gateway, but cannot ping a specific site (e.g. www.yahoo.com) on the Internet, chances are, your ISP has an internal problem. Please call them for support.

### **Getting Technical Support**

For further problems, please contact the distributor.

## **Appendix A Specifications**

### **Protocols**

IP, NAT, ARP, ICMP, DHCP client/server, PPPoE, PPP, PAP, CHAP

### **Management/Setup**

Using Telnet through network.

Using GUI program in Windows 95/98/NT/2000 via network.

### **Local**

4 x RJ-45, 10/100Mbps NWay Switching ports.

### **Internet**

10Base-T Ethernet port or 10/100Base-T NWay Fast Ethernet port (dependent on your purchase.)

### **MDIX/MDI Buttons**

One for local port uplink

One for Cable/DSL modem connection.

### **LED Indicators**

Power/Error	Green/Red
Local x 4 100/10	Green/Orange
Internet 10 or 100/10	Orange only or Green/Orange
Have Mail	Green

### **Electronic Specifications**

Input Power DC 5V, @2.4A

Agency and Regulatory: FCC part 15 Class B, VCCI, CE

### **Physical specification**

Dimension: 160 x 105.4 x 27 mm<sup>3</sup> (L x W x H)

Weight: 218g

**Operating Temperature:** 0° to 50°

**Operating Humidity:** 0-90% non-condensing



**Appendix B Supported Internet Applications**

<b>Application</b>	<b>Settings for Outgoing Connection</b>	<b>Setting for Incoming connection</b>
ICQ98a,99b	None	None
NetMeeting 2.1 & 3.0	None	1503(tcp) 1720(tcp)
AOE	2300-2400(tcp) 2300-2400(udp) 47624(tcp)	2300-2400(tcp) 2300-2400(udp) 47624(tcp)
VDO Live	None	None
MIRC	None	None
Cu-Seeme	7648(tcp) 7648(udp) 24032(udp)	7648(tcp) 7648(udp) 24032(udp)
PCAnywhere	5632(udp), 22(udp), 5631(tcp), 65301(tcp)	5632(udp), 22(udp), 5631(tcp), 65301(tcp)